

PCP INCENTIVE PROGRAM PROTOCOLS

BACKGROUND

Primary Care Provider (PCP) risk sharing has been an integral part of the Santa Barbara Health Initiative (SBHI) since inception of this managed Medi-Cal program. In 1997 CenCal Health chose to adopt a methodology to compute financial incentives for utilization and quality management of its SBHI program. The methodology changed from the long established risk-sharing concept, based upon PCP's prospects for shared surpluses generated through appropriate utilization management. Instead, the program utilizes a model in which the financial incentives are primarily based upon the PCP's utilization and quality performance relative to peers who share the same provider type, and incorporates criteria more indicative of quality of care. Beginning March, 2008, all SLOHI program PCPs will be incorporated into the existing PCP Incentive Program. Other characteristics of this methodology are that it:

- Includes timely incentive payments
- Allows for monthly status reporting
- Provides an adaptable framework to easily incorporate criteria
- Improves case mix risk adjustment techniques

FUNDING OF THE PCP INCENTIVE PROGRAM

The total funds used for the PCP Incentive Program are based in part upon CenCal Health's historical payout under past trust account methodology. The funds are divided into two pools, one related to utilization and one related to quality. Each pool is based upon a percentage of the individual PCP's monthly guaranteed capitation rates for case managed SBHI and SLOHI members.

The Total Incentive Payments for all PCPs is approximately 57% of the total Guaranteed Payments paid to all PCPs during each calendar year. Of the approximately 57%, approximately 45% will fund the Utilization Pool and approximately 55% will fund the Quality Pool.

ALLOCATION OF POOLS

1. Utilization Pool The Utilization Pool is funded by 1) the twenty percent of the capitation that is not paid monthly to the PCP (the PCP's withhold), and 2) contributions by CenCal Health.

For each PCP, the Utilization Pool is allocated into the sub-categories by multiplying the total dollar amount in the Pool by the following percentages:

Physician /Outpatient Expenses **35%**
Inpatient Hospital Expenses **20%**
Pharmacy Expenses **20%**

Emergency Department Visits **25%**

2. Quality Pool The funding for the Quality Pool is only from CenCal Health. For each PCP, the Quality Pool is allocated into the “quality-based” sub-categories by multiplying the total dollar amount in the Pool by the following percentages:

After Hours PCP Visits: **30%**

Encounters: **25%**

Increased Access: **10%**

Preventive Services: **35%**

DEFINITIONS

“After Hours PCP Visits” shall mean services that are within the PCP’s medical expertise and scope of practice and which are rendered by the PCP during evening and weekend hours. Visits at any time during Saturday or Sunday, or after 5:00 PM that take place Monday through Friday will be counted as After Hours PCP Visits for the After Hours PCP Visits measure. PCPs may not submit Claims for After Hours PCP Visits rendered earlier than 5:00 PM on Monday through Friday.

“Emergency Department Visit” shall mean, for purposes of the PCP Incentive Program, a visit by a Member to any facility or subdivision of a facility that provides treatment. Facility submits Claims to CenCal Health for treatment room or emergency room accommodations, reported with HCPCS procedure codes Z7500 or Z7502, or with future replacement codes.

“Encounters” shall mean specific capitated services provided by a PCP to case managed Members. Capitated services are identified by select procedure codes included in Attachment A-1 of the Agreement. One Encounter is counted for any number of Covered Services provided on a single day to a single Member. PCP submits encounter information on a Claim form, indicating the capitated service(s) provided by inserting the appropriate procedure code(s). Encounters are for tracking of Covered Services only and the PCP receives no fee-for-service reimbursement for these services.

“Increased Access” shall mean maintaining an average number of Members per month, or increasing the PCP’s caseload each year, and meeting the minimum ages for Members as described in the “Quality Indicators” section below.

“Peer Pool” shall mean the particular pool to which PCP is assigned by CenCal Health in order to perform benchmark comparisons within the PCP Incentive Program. The assignment is based on the specialty designation of the PCP as well as the age ranges that he/she serves. The three Peer Pools are as follows:

- **Peer Pool F1:** CHDP certified Family Practice/General Practice/Clinic physician who accept Members, 3 years and older;
- **Peer Pool M2:** Internal Medicine, and non-CHDP certified Family Practice/General Practice/Clinic physicians who accept adult Members age 19 and older; Members age 13 years and older,
- **Peer Pool P4:** CHDP certified Pediatricians who accept Member children from newborn to, at a minimum, age 12.

“Preventive Health Services” shall mean those services that are provider-type specific and relate to preventing illnesses from occurring. The following preventive services are applicable to the following providers as indicated:

- **FP/GP/Community Clinics, Pediatricians, and Internists:** Annual Preventative Medicine Evaluations and Pediatric Well Care Visits. Such visits shall include: a comprehensive history & examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and ordering of appropriate laboratory/diagnostic procedures, as defined in the most recent American Medical Association CPT Manual.

The procedure codes that quantify the above Preventive Services are described in the Quality Indicators Section—Preventive Health Services Measure Criteria of this document. Additionally, a description of each of the required procedure codes is attached and incorporated by reference as Attachment 2 of this document.

“Special Case Members” shall mean the following Members that were previously Special Class Members, and due to response of regulatory audits will now be assigned a “medical home” with a PCP to coordinate all aspects of care. Said Members to be effective January 1, 2007 are: (i) children who are currently designated as California Children’s Services (CCS) eligible; (ii) Members eligible to receive organ transplants; and (iii) Members currently on renal dialysis. For the purpose of PCP Incentives Program calculations, Santa Barbara County CCS eligible members, Organ transplant, and dialysis Members will be classified in separate pools and their expenses and utilization will be compared only to each other within their established pool, i.e. Members on dialysis against other Members on dialysis. All Special Case Members will be deemed to be Class I Members in the Agreement and Exhibits, unless specifically excepted. Higher capitation rates apply for the case management of CCS children in SB County set forth in Attachment A-2 of the Physician Services Agreement.

“Utilization Expenses” shall mean all expenditures for PCP’s Class I Members which exclude Encounter Claims and as indicated below but include:

- **“Physician and Outpatient Hospital Expenses”** (including but not limited to specialist physicians, home health, DME, and outpatient hospital services but excluding visits billed as “After Hours PCP Visits”)
- **“Hospital Inpatient Expenses”** (including but not limited to an acute care or rehabilitative care setting)
- **“Pharmacy Expenses”** (including but not limited to prescription pharmaceuticals and prescribed over-the-counter pharmaceuticals)
- **“Emergency Department Visits”** (including one Emergency Department Visit per Member per facility per date of service).

QUALITY INDICATORS

After Hours PCP Visits

The intent of this measure is to encourage PCPs to increase their availability to CenCal Health’s Members being seen on a walk-in or appointment basis after routine business hours. This new quality incentive measure, added on January 1, 2007, rewards PCPs for offering and rendering services to Members during evening (after 5:00 PM) and weekend hours (Saturday and/or Sunday). CenCal Health’s goal is to keep Members out of the emergency departments and urgent

care centers for care that can be appropriately managed by PCPs.

This measure accounts for **30%** of the total Quality Pool. After Hours PCP Visits (reflected in the Schedule 1 report) are those services submitted via claims reported by using CPT Code 99051. The number of After Hours PCP Visits will be calculated by comparing each PCP to the average number of After Hour PCP Visits for the PCPs in the After Hours Peer Group. The After Hours Peer Group is comprised of all PCPs who submit Claims for After Hours PCP Visits. The average number of After Hours PCP Visits will then be calculated by factoring for case mix.

PCPs may also potentially receive additional monies due to lower emergency room utilization in the Emergency Department Visits measure of the PCP Incentive Program. PCPs who do not offer services beyond normal office hours will benefit by referring their assigned Members to PCPs who do provide the services as it will also lower their emergency room utilization and thus positively affect their Emergency Department Visits measure.

Reimbursement: In addition to their monthly capitation, PCPs who submit Claims for visits occurring outside of normal office hours will be reimbursed fee-for-service for these services.

1. After Hours PCP Visits to assigned or case managed Members will receive an additional \$50.00 when billing with CPT code 99051. PCPs must bill this After Hour Visit Code in addition to the visit procedure code, i.e. 99202, and this will be processed as an Encounter.
2. PCPs rendering After Hours PCP Visits to Members not assigned or case managed to them must bill the office visit code applicable to the level of service provided, i.e. 99202, and will be paid fee-for-service for the services. In addition, PCPs may bill CPT code 99051 to receive an additional \$25.00 payment for providing after-hours coverage. See summary below:

After Hours PCP Visits to Case Managed Members	Reimbursement for 99051 = \$50.00
After Hours PCP Visits to Members not Case Managed by the PCP	Reimbursement for 99051 = \$25.00 plus reimbursement for office visit fee-for-service at CenCal Health's rate

Referral Authorization Forms (RAFs) will be waived for After Hour PCP Visits, thus relieving both the referring PCP and the PCP who is providing the service of initiating or completing this authorization.

Encounter Data

As one of the PCP Incentive measures, comprehensive encounter data (derived from claims submitted by PCP for services included in the capitation payment) is important to CenCal Health for a variety of reasons, including tracking

utilization, complying with State, federal, and regulatory agency requirements, and adjusting capitated compensation. The incentive funding for Encounters accounts for **25%** of the PCP's total Quality Pool.

PCPs can find their specific number of encounters received year to date by CenCal Health on Page 2 of the Schedule 1 report, under the column entitled "PCP's Total Actual Values." The next column ("Average Values Adjusted for PCP's Case Mix") indicates the average number of encounters received in this same timeframe by similar providers, adjusted for the PCP according to his or her particular case mix; thus assuring a fair comparison to the PCP's peers. These figures together are used to calculate the PCP's Performance in the form of a percentage. PCPs are eligible to earn a percent of their pool amount for this category only if their performance is better than 90% of the average established by their particular peer group. If the PCP's performance in this category is below that of their peers, the PCP may either have fewer encounters with CenCal Health Members than their peers, or simply have not yet submitted this data.

Increased Access

CenCal Health's quality incentive measure, called "Increased Access" was added to encourage increased availability of PCPs to Members in order to allow for the most optimal physician-patient assignment. PCPs can find their total potential payout year to date for this measure by reviewing page 1 of their Schedule 1 report ("Allocation-Increased Access"). For this measure, the PCP is compared to fixed values that are not based on the performance of other PCPs in the PCP's Peer Pool. The increased access measure accounts for **10%** of the total Quality Pool. To be eligible to earn any "Increased Access" funds, the PCP must first satisfy the following requirements in 1 or in 2.

1. Maintain an average of 800 Members per month, per full-time physician throughout their contracted term in the year; **OR**
2. Accept a minimum of twenty-five (25) new Members into their practice during each year, and maintain the following age criterion for at least ten (10) months each year:
 - Pediatric PCPs: 0-12 years;
 - CHDP-certified Family Practice, General Practice, and Clinic PCPs: 3 years and older;
 - Internal Medicine PCPs, non-CHDP certified Family Practice, General Practice, Clinic PCPs: 19 years and older.

The PCP will receive 100% of the Increased Access Pool if (1) is maintained, or a percent of the pool in (2) based on the PCPs caseload increase.

Preventive Health Services

The Preventive Services Measure Criteria is a set of quality criteria designed to be provider specific, to allow further comparison of services delivered by providers that serve comparable populations, and that are designed to prevent

Member illness. In addition to counting these preventive medical services in the PCP Incentive Program, pursuant to the Agreement, CenCal Health pays PCP's claims described below (unless paid by the State for CHDP services). This measure accounts for **35%** of the total Quality Pool, and is structured as follows:

1. PCPs offering Initial and Periodic Preventive Medicine Evaluations must submit evidence of services rendered in the submission of claim forms for Well Infant, Well Child, Well Adolescent Visits, and Adult Preventive Medicine Evaluations.

Well Infant, Well Child, and Well Adolescent Visits and Adult Initial and Periodic Preventive Medicine Evaluations:

Provider shall submit claim forms with CPT Codes: 99381-99387, 99391-99397, or 99432, and supply at least one of the following ICD-9 Codes: V20.2; V70.0; V70.3; V70.5; V70.6; V70.8; and V70.9

In Calculation of PCP's Performance, the PCP's Total Actual Values will be expressed as a number of Evaluations completed, and the Average Values Adjusted for PCP's Case Mix will be expressed as the expected number of Evaluations. The PCP is compared to similar Providers as to the average number of Preventive Medicine evaluations received in the same timeframe, but the figure is adjusted for the PCPs particular case mix to assure a fair comparison.

Providers submitting PM-160 forms to the State of California for CHDP services indicated above, for children up to age 21 are to render: (1) a history and physical examination, and (2) health education/anticipatory guidance, and including the date on which such services are rendered within CenCal Health's year. The State will forward CHDP information to CenCal Health, and CenCal Health will use said information in calculating this Incentive. CenCal Health cannot guarantee the timeliness or completeness of the CHDP information as supplied monthly by the State, but will work to insure the data is as accurate as possible.

UTILIZATION INDICATORS

Physician and Outpatient Expenses

Physician and outpatient expenses are those services that are not covered under capitation and include costs incurred for referral to the following (included but not limited to) providers: specialist physicians, home health, durable medical equipment, and outpatient hospital services, the latter billed under the hospital's outpatient provider number.

Inpatient Hospital Expenses

Inpatient hospital expenses are those services that are incurred when the Member is an inpatient at a contracted or non-contracted acute care hospital or a rehabilitation hospital or a rehabilitative care setting.

Pharmacy Expenses

Pharmacy expenses are those expenses that include but are not limited to prescription drugs and over-the-counter drugs that have been prescribed by a prescribing provider.

Emergency Department Expenses

Emergency Department Visits are those services that are incurred when the Member is seen in the Emergency Department of a Hospital or Hospital Urgent Care Center. Services include both those considered to be an emergency and those that are urgent but not emergent. The measure is intended to reward PCPs for controlling their Members' unnecessary and inappropriate use of emergency rooms, and whose members visit the emergency room at below average utilization rates.

The lower the number of Emergency Department Visits for a PCP's Members compared to the average number, the higher the PCP's incentive amount for the measure. To ensure fair comparisons, PCPs will only be compared to those PCPs within their Peer Pools (the three pools are: (i) pediatricians; (ii) internists, or (iii) family practitioners, general practitioners and clinics) and adjustments will be made for a PCP's case mix. A PCP's case-mix adjustment is determined by age, sex, Special Case Members grouping, and aid code groupings of assigned members. Only the number of Emergency Department Visits will be calculated in this measure; the actual costs for such visits are captured in the Physician and Outpatient Hospital measure.

CenCal Health recognizes that there are those Members that no matter what a PCP does will continue to visit emergency rooms at excessive rates. However, typically, these Members that are frequent users of the emergency room are proportionately distributed across both large and small PCP providers, and for this measure PCPs are compared against their Peer Pool.

PCP Incentive Reports

PCPs are sent a monthly report (Schedule 1), which explains the calculation of funding year to date for both the utilization and quality pools. This report expresses the PCP's individual values and performance scores, some which are compared to PCPs who share a common membership assignment, termed Peer Pool. A sample Schedule 1 report is included as Attachment 1.

How the PCP fared based on year-to-date claims data in both the utilization and quality criteria categories results in the "Total Incentive Payment for the Year" reflected in the Schedule 1 reports. This figure represents an approximation of what the PCP will earn for the year to date. The following additional reports are available by contacting the Provider Services Department:

- **Schedule 2** reflects how the calculations for the physician membership assignment, (Peer Pools) subtotals were derived;
- **Schedule 3** reflects how the PCP's totals on Schedule 1 were derived;
- **Schedule 4** reflects the year-to-date Member totals by category of claim expense, i.e. physician/outpatient, inpatient, and pharmacy;
- **Schedule 5** reflects the year-to-date Member claim expense detail, claim

by claim - including claim control number, date of service, date of payment, claim explanation code, amount paid, description or procedure, and diagnosis on claim.

- **Schedule 6** reflects the year-to-date Member claim detail for Preventive Measures, specific to each Peer Pool.

Schedules 4, 5, and 6 afford PCPs a more detailed representation of how they are faring in important utilization categories.

Caution Regarding Annualizing Reports

For a number of reasons, we recommend that PCPs use caution when assessing “Potential Incentive Payment for Year” reflected on page 2 of the Schedule 1 report early in the year. Claims received by CenCal Health, necessary adjustments to comply with contractual allocation of funds, and unforeseeable future changes in the PCP’s practice could dramatically change final figures used to determine interim and final PCP Incentive Program payments. Also, at the beginning of CenCal Health’s year, there is relatively little claims data to analyze, including physician/outpatient, inpatient, and pharmacy expenses, reported encounter and after hours visits, and preventive services. Therefore, there may be fluctuations of current data for the other physicians in the provider peer group to whom the PCP may be compared. Therefore the averages shown are only an approximation of annual utilization expenses and performances and should be recognized as an average that will increase in significance over the course of the year.

Monitoring Your Case Management List

Due to the need for monthly Medi-Cal eligibility verification, it is recommended that all additions to each PCP’s case management list be monitored closely, as Members may be in need of immunizations and/or well care. The PCP has 120 days after receiving the monthly capitation list to notify CenCal Health’s Provider Services Department of any Members assigned to her/him that should not have been assigned. If the PCP does not notify CenCal Health within this timeframe, any expenses incurred by the Member(s) will be included in the calculation of the PCP’s Incentive Payment.

Special Case Members

Effective January 1, 2007 some Members who were previously Special Class Members were assigned instead to PCPs and became case managed Class 1 Members. This change addressed concerns brought forth by regulatory agencies and additionally allow for more oversight of all care for Members that include, but are not limited to those who: (i) received an organ transplant; (ii) are diagnosed with end stage renal disease (“ESRD”) and are currently receiving renal dialysis treatment; and (iii) are SBHI children who are currently designated as California Childrens’ Services (CCS) eligible.

In order to reimburse PCPs for additional services that may be associated with the assignment of these above Members, effective January 1, 2007, CenCal

Health: (i) established higher capitation rates for PCP case management of Santa Barbara County CCS children; and (ii) placed a limit on the expenses incurred for utilization expense calculation for Special Case Members.

NOTE: Emergency Room Use

PCPs should be aware that costs associated with, but not limited to, the emergency room, urgent care centers, and on-call physicians' services and/or referrals will affect their performance in the *utilization* category as a Physician/Outpatient Expense.

PAYMENT THRESHOLDS AND FORMULAS

Utilization Expenses and Capitation

CenCal Health calculates the PCPs' total utilization expenses based on the actual dollars paid by CenCal Health for services rendered during the specified time period. All of the PCP's capitated and "after hours" services will be excluded from the utilization expenses calculation as well as any service not reported on an EOB before the final PCP Incentive calculations are completed. Additionally, the total utilization expenses will be added together for three sub-categories of the Utilization Pool (Physician/Outpatient, Inpatient, and Pharmacy) for all services only up to \$15,000 per Member, per PCP, per year. After the \$15,000 threshold is reached, any services then rendered per Member, per PCP, per year are not counted in the total utilization expenses calculation.

For Special Case Members, Covered Services exceeding \$30,000 per Member per PCP per CY year will not be included in the calculation of Total Actual Values and Average Values Adjusted for PCP's Case Mix, as described below. The \$30,000 maximum for a Special Case Member is also subject to monthly pro ration as described above.

Establishment of PCP's Total Actual Values

The total actual utilization expenses, the number of After Hours Visits, Emergency Department Visits, Encounters, and Preventive Health Services are called the PCP's Actual Values and are used as a basis to establish the PCP's Performance Score for: (i) Utilization criteria subcategories; and (ii) the Quality criteria sub-categories of: (a) After Hours Visits, (b) Encounters, and (c) Preventive Health Services.

Establishing Average Values Adjusted for PCP's Case Mix

For all PCPs in the PCP's Peer Pool, the total Actual Values per Member per month are calculated for each aid category or aid sub-category and by the Member's age category and gender (when applicable). This calculation produces a set of numbers that are the average per Member per month grouped by aid category and by the Member's age category and gender (when appropriate) for all PCPs within that Peer Pool. Next, the individual PCP's number of actual Member months is calculated for these same categories and then multiplied by the corresponding, just calculated, average per Member per month values. Lastly, these separate values for each category are all totaled together to produce a single "Average Value Adjusted for PCP's Case Mix". The above steps

are completed for: (i) Physician/Outpatient Expenses; (ii) Hospital Inpatient Expenses; (iii) Pharmacy Expenses; (iv) Emergency Department Visits; and (v) Encounters.

The After Hours PCP Visits are calculated in the same manner except that there are no PCP Peer Pools. PCP Peer Pools are not used in the calculation because there are fewer numbers of After Hours PCP Visits resulting in all of the PCPs being grouped together, (in the After Hours Peer Group) regardless of type.

The groupings of all individual values above make up the Average Values Adjusted for PCP's Case Mix.

Calculation for Group And Clinic PCPs

All PCP Incentive Payments are calculated on a grouped basis for PCP groups or clinics. Any separate office site of the group or clinic to which Members are assigned will have the Utilization and Quality pools (as well as the corresponding pool sub-categories, the PCP's Total Actual Values, and the Average Values Adjusted for PCP's Case Mix) calculated separately by site.

Individual PCPs who join or separate from a PCP group or clinic during the year receive one PCP Incentive report (and payment if warranted), and a second PCP Incentive Payment and report for the group.

Calculation of Performance Scores

The performance scores are expressed as a percentage and are calculated by dividing the PCP's Total Actual Values by the Average Values Adjusted for PCP's Case Mix. For example, if Dr. John Doe's actual Physician/Outpatient Hospital Expenses total \$32,946.41 (Actual Value) and the Average Values Adjusted for PCPs Case Mix total \$24,432.26 for the same time period, then Dr. Doe's Performance Score for this Criteria would be 134.85%. Performance Scores for all Utilization and Quality Categories (not including the Increased Access Measure) will be calculated using the same methodology. The Actual Values used to compute this performance score for the Physician/Outpatient, Inpatient, and Pharmacy Measures are expressed by Total Plan Expenditures. The Actual Values used to compute this performance score for the After Hours, Emergency Department, Encounter, and Preventive Health Service Measures are expressed in Number of Visits. The Actual Value for the Increased Access Measure used to compute this performance score is a fixed number dependent upon the PCPs caseload.

Variables Used In Calculating PCP's Earned Percent Of Pool

	% of Pool Earned		PCP Performance	
	Min %	Max %	Start Pay	Max Pay
<u>Utilization Pool Criteria Expenses:</u>				
Physician/Outpatient	20%	120%	110%	75%
Hospital Inpatient	20%	120%	110%	50%
Pharmacy	20%	120%	110%	75%
Emergency Dept Visits	20%	120%	110%	75%

Quality Pool Criteria

Encounters	20%	100%	90%	125%
After Hours PCP Visits	20%	100%	50%	110%
Preventive Health	20%	100%	90%	125%

Calculations for PCP Incentive Program

$$\frac{(\text{PCP's Performance Score} - \text{Start Pay}) \times (\text{Max}\% - \text{Min}\%)}{(\text{Max Pay} - \text{Start Pay})} + \text{Min}\%$$

As in the above example, if the PCP's Performance Score for the Encounters is **115%**, the calculations are:

$$\frac{(\mathbf{115\%} - 90\%) \times (100\% - 20\%)}{(125\% - 90\%)} + 20\% = \frac{(.25) \times (.80)}{(.35)} + 0.2 = 0.6 \text{ or } \mathbf{60\%}$$

Earned Percent Of Pool Formula

CenCal Health establishes the Maximum percent and Minimum percent of the Percent of Pool Earned and the Maximum Pay percent or hours of PCP.

Establishment of PCP's Earned Percent of Pool

PCP's Earned Percent of Pool will be calculated for each Utilization Pool and Quality Pool sub-category by the mathematical formulas that reference the corresponding subcategories in the above chart.

For Physician/Outpatient, Inpatient Hospital, and Pharmacy Expenses:

If any of the PCP's Performance scores (a percentage) is greater than the Start Pay percentage (established by CenCal Health and shown above) the PCP's Earned Percent of that sub-category of the Pool is 0%. Otherwise, the percent is computed according to the formula shown above.

For After Hours, Emergency Department Visits, Encounters, and

Preventive Health Services: If any of the PCP's Performance scores is less than the Start Pay percentage or hours, the PCP's Earned Percent of that sub-category of the Pool is 0%. Otherwise, the percent is computed according to the formula shown above.

Minimum Percent For PCP's Earned Percent Of Pool

The smallest percent for PCP's Earned Percent of Pool for all sub-categories is 20%. Any calculations that would result in a percent lower than the minimum percent will be set to zero (0%).

Maximum Percent For PCP's Earned Percent Of Pool: The maximum percent for PCP's Earned Percent of Pool is 120% for Physician/Outpatient Hospital, Inpatient Hospital, Pharmacy Expenses, and Emergency Department Visits subcategories. The maximum percent is 100% for all Quality Pool Criteria sub-

categories. Any calculations that would result in a percent higher than the maximum percent will be reduced to the maximum value.

PCP's Incentive Payments

The PCP's Incentive Payment for each Utilization Pool and Quality Pool sub-category is determined by multiplying the sub-category Pool Amount by the corresponding PCP's Earned Percent of Pool values.

Federally Qualified Health Centers

Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) are not excluded from participation in CenCal Health's PCP Incentive Program. Due to federal guidelines related to their expenses, FQHCs generally receive reimbursement higher than the Medi-Cal allowable. Locally, six Santa Barbara County Health Clinics, three Santa Barbara Neighborhood Clinics, Santa Ynez Tribal Health Clinic, American Indian Health and Services, and Community Health Centers of the Central Coast are Federally Qualified Health Centers. They may provide virtually any medical service available under the Medi-Cal program, and referral to their services will influence PCP incentive reports the same as referrals to other providers.

Rural Health Clinics

Rural Health Clinics (RHCs) are not excluded from participation in CenCal Health's PCP Incentive Program. Due to federal and state guidelines related to their expenses, RHCs also generally receive higher reimbursement than Medi-Cal allowable rates. Marian Community Clinics – Guadalupe is the only RHC in Santa Barbara County. They may provide virtually any medical service available under the Medi-Cal program, and referral to their services will influence PCP incentive reports the same as referrals to other providers.

Mental Health Services

In April 1998, the State mandated that certain Medi-Cal fee-for-service mental health moneys be "carved-out" or removed from the SBHI's program. This carve out also extends to FQHCs and RHCs as well. These moneys were instead redirected by the State to the Santa Barbara County Department of Alcohol, Drug, and Mental Health Services (ADMHS), the San Luis County Mental Health Services Department, and to the State Department of Mental Health. Payments by either County or State agency will not be counted in the Physician/Outpatient Services Utilization Pool. Psychotropic Drugs not routinely provided by a PCP will also be excluded. However, those services not carved out by the State, such as lab and other non-Psychotropic Drugs, which are related to mental health services continue to be reimbursed through the SBHI and SLOHI programs and will affect the utilization portion of incentive reports.

Incentive Payments

The Total Incentive Payment for each PCP for the year is equal to the sum of the Utilization Pool and Quality Pool sub-category incentive payments. In addition to the guaranteed monthly capitation, which is received by all PCPs, eligible

PCPs will be paid Incentive Payments in two installments. The initial payout of 25% of the estimated Total Incentive Payment will be made in December following the close of the year, with the remaining incentive payment to be paid in June of that next year.

Changes in Practice Ownership and Group Membership

Incentive payments represent additional payment for performance during each year. When a PCP practice is sold or transferred or the PCP commences or terminates membership in a group, CenCal Health should be informed as to how this change may affect potential PCP Incentive Program payments. It is important that CenCal Health be made aware of the date of the transfer and any relevant terms related to accounts receivable, as soon as possible. If changes are not made to the PCP's records in advance or soon after the transaction, there is a strong likelihood that the wrong PCP may profit from past performance—or suffer because of it. For instance, selling a practice to another wherein accounts receivable are *included* in the terms of the sale will mean that the new owner will receive any PCP incentive payment for performance during the year and paid after the close of the year, or that poor performance during the first period will affect the PCP incentive calculation negatively resulting in the owner during the second period receiving a smaller incentive payment or no incentive payment at all. Similarly, selling a practice wherein accounts receivable are *not included* in the terms will mean that CenCal Health will keep separate the performance prior to the transaction and calculate any related incentive monies separately for the two PCPs before and after the sale. If applicable, separate checks would be paid to the two PCPs under the two different tax ID numbers.

Future Improvements to the PCP Incentive Program

An important milestone for the Program occurred in the second year (July 1999), when the quality-based portion of the incentive payment first exceeded the utilization-based portion. Since this time, annual assessments are completed and improvements and readjustments are made such as effective January 2007. As CenCal Health strives to make sound and important improvements to the Program, CenCal Health welcomes input from its primary care physicians. An internal committee meets continually to review the goals and progress of the Program, the effectiveness of the measures, and to consider new measures or improvements to existing measures.

ATTACHMENT 2

PREVENTIVE SERVICES MEASURE PROCEDURE CODES

Family Practice/General Practice/Clinic, Pediatricians and Internists:

Well Infant, Well Child, Well Adolescent and Adult Preventive Medicine Evaluations; Initial and Periodic

NOTE: These code numbers are subject to change.

CPT CODE	DESCRIPTION OF SERVICE
99381	Initial preventive medicine evaluation: under 1 year
99382	Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 1 through 4 years
99383	Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 5 through 11 years
99384	Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 12 through 17 years
99385	Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 18 through 39 years
99386	Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 40 through 64 years
99387	Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 65+ years
99391	Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: under 1 year
99392	Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 1 through 4 years
99393	Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 5 through 11 years
99394	Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 12 through 17 years
99395	Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 18 through 39 years
99396	Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 40 through 64 years
99397	Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 65+ years

MG 12/11/07, reviewed STh