

Audiometric Screening Training



Purpose

Purpose:

- Obtain a reliable response from a young child
- Successfully perform audiometric screening tests with challenging young children

Targeted Population:

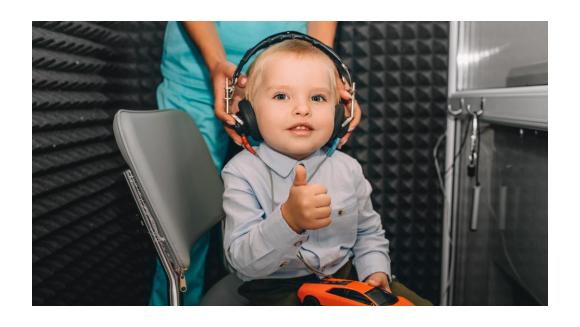
- Children 3 to 6 years of age
- Children with developmental delay
- Children who appear to be shy





Necessary Equipment

- One ANSI standard calibrated audiometer
- One basket*
- One set of 9 to 12 blocks*
- Table and chairs or the floor
- Quiet room





The Procedure



Set Up

- Place the equipment in the following order: audiometer, blocks, basket, child
- Set the audiometer is at 90dB and 4000 Hz
- Place Ear selector to RIGHT EAR
- Earphones are on the table
- Blocks and Basket are on the table
- Position the child on your dominant side





The Conditioning Intensity at 90dB, Frequency at 4000 Hz Earphones Off



Audiometer Set at 50 dB & 4000 Hz

Step A:

• Introduce the Beep



Step B:

- Demonstrate the game
- You go first, the child follows (Role Model)



Audiometer Set at 50 dB & 4000 Hz (cont.)

Step C:

You both play but let the child WIN

Step D:

- The child does it on their own
- You do not play





The Conditioning Intensity at **50dB**, Frequency at 4000 Hz **Earphones On**



Audiometer Set at 50 dB & 4000 Hz

Step E:

- Turn down the audiometer to 50dB
- Intensity is still at 4000 Hz
- Put the Earphones on*
- The child still plays on their own





Putting the Earphones On

- When you put the earphones on, face the child.
- Put your fingers slightly over the cushions, thumbs toward you
- Put the red earphone on the child's right ear (the red earphone
 is in your left hand) and blue on the child's left ear
- Then adjust the earphones for head size.

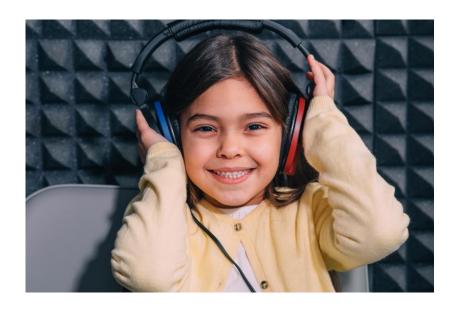


The Screening Cooperative Child with Normal Hearing



Right Ear

- Turn down Intensity to 20/25 dB
- Frequency is still at 4000 Hz
- If the child responds, continue screening the Right Ear at Frequencies: 3000, 2000, 1000





Left Ear

- Switch ear selector to Left ear
- Begin where you left off at a frequency of 1000
 Hz
- If the child responds, continue screening the Left

Ear for Frequencies = **2000**, **3000**, **4000**



Taking the Earphones Off

When removing the earphones:

- First, use your thumbs to separate the earphones
- Then take the earphones off the child



What If the Child Does Not Respond



No Response at 50 dB

Immediately Switch Ear

If the child responds:

- Turn down Intensity to 20/25 dB and stay at 4000 Hz
- If the child continues to respond, screen the Left Ear according to the procedure
- If the child does not respond when you switch back to the Right ear at 4000Hz & 20 or 25 dB, immediately document on the audiogram a minus (–) sign and on the medical record <u>Failed</u> <u>Hearing 4000Hz (Rt Ear)</u>



No Response at 50 dB

Immediately Switch Ear
If the child does not respond:

- Take the earphones off
- Turn up the AUDIOMETER to 90 dB
- Recondition the child by repeating the conditioning steps A through E
- If time allows, complete the screening
- If you are unable to finish within the 3-minute timeframe, re-schedule the child for a screening in 6 weeks



No Response at 20/25 dB

Turn up Intensity to 50 dB

If the child <u>responds</u> at 50 dB

- Turn down the AUDIOMETER to 20 0r 25 dB
- If the child continues to respond, screen the ear you are at according to the procedure
- Repeat this procedure every time the child does not respond at 20 or 25 dB
- ALWAYS reassure and encourage the child!



No Response at 20/25 dB

Turn up Intensity to 50 dB

If the child responds at 50 dB but then does not respond at 20 / 25 dB

- Immediately document on the audiogram a minus (-) sign at the appropriate failed frequency for the related ear
- FYI: If the child still holds a block when both ears have been screened at the required intensity and frequencies, turn up the AUDIOMETER to 50 dB
- Let the child put their block in the basket to successfully finish the game



Tips From Steve Rawiszer



Steve Rawiszer's Tips

Regarding the Interrupter Switch

- Don't move any part of your body
- Don't let the child watch you press the button
- Hold down the button for the count of one Mississippi
- Make sure you change your pattern



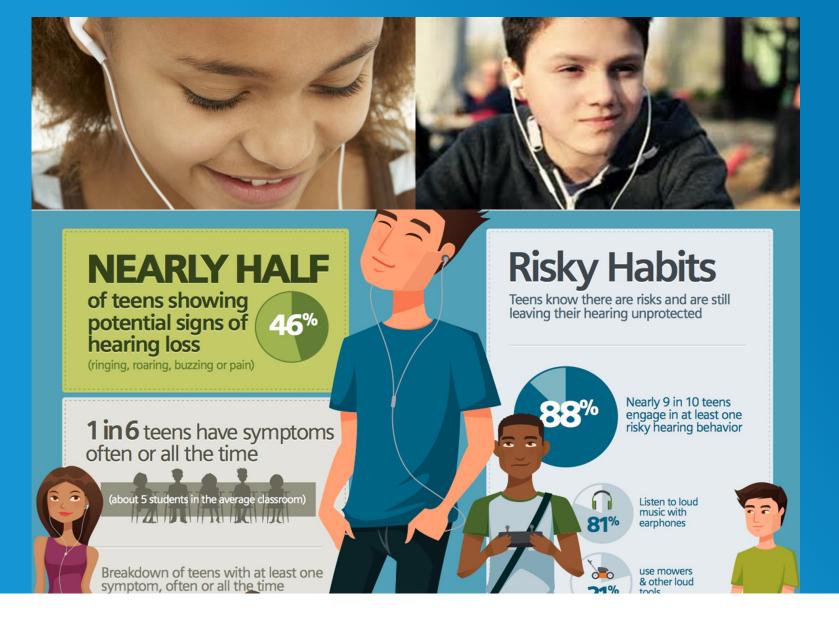
Steve Rawiszer's Tips

- Be consistent and careful in your instructions
- Be visual, expressive, and descriptive: amplify movement so the child understands
- Do not go to the next step until the current one is understood (conditioning)
- Do not remove blocks one at a time, but empty the basket when you run out of blocks and start over



Danger Ahead Teens & Pre-teens











The Procedure Children 11 Years & Above



Audiometer Set at 50dB & 1000 Hz Steps

Step A:

Step A:Introduce the Beep



Step B:

Demonstrate and explain the procedure



Audiometer Set at 50dB & 1000 Hz Steps (cont.)

Step C:

- Turn down the audiometer to 50 dB and the intensity at 1000 Hz
- Put the Earphones on*
- Ask the youth to respond
- If the youth responds continue screening the Right Ear





Right Ear

- Turn down the intensity to 20/25 dB
- Frequency is still at 1000 Hz
- If the youth responds, continue screening the Right Ear at Frequencies: 2000, 3000, 4000, 6000 and 8000





Left Ear

- Switch ear selector to Left Ear
- Begin where you left off at a frequency of 8000 Hz
- If the youth responds, continue screening the Left Ear for Frequencies = 6000, 4000, 3000, 2000 and 1000 Hz



Documentation



Documentation

Document screening results on the:

- Response/no response audiogram
- Child's medical record
- Care coordination form (Failed screening & referral)







Important Next Steps:

cencalhealth.org/providers/care-guidelines/medi-cal-for-kids-teens-services/pediatric-oral-health/

- 1. Please take a moment to work with your Clinical Trainer and walk through a Audiometric Screening practice session.
- 2. Once complete, please submit the CenCal Health Training Acknowledgement Form to receive your Audiometric Screening Training Certificate of Completion for your records.



