PCP INCENTIVE PROGRAM PROTOCOLS

BACKGROUND
Primary Care Provider (PCP) risk sharing has been an integral part of the Santa Barbara Health Initiative (SBHI) since inception of this managed Medi-Cal program. In 1997, CenCal Health (formerly the Santa Barbara Regional Health Authority) chose to adopt a methodology to compute financial incentives for utilization and quality management of its SBHI program. The methodology changed from the long established risk-sharing concept, based upon PCP’s prospects for shared surpluses generated through appropriate utilization management. Instead, the program utilizes a model in which the financial incentives are primarily based upon the PCP’s utilization and quality performance relative to peers who share the same case mix, and incorporates criteria more indicative of quality of care. No specific payment is made directly or indirectly under CenCal Health’s Incentive Programs to physicians or physician groups as an inducement to reduce or limit medically necessary covered services provided to an individual member. Beginning March 2008, all San Luis Obispo Health Initiative (SLOHI) program PCPs were incorporated into the existing PCP Incentive Program. Other characteristics of this methodology are that it:

- Includes timely incentive payments
- Allows for monthly status reporting
- Provides an adaptable framework to easily incorporate criteria
- Improves case mix risk adjustment techniques

FUNDING OF THE PCP INCENTIVE PROGRAM
The total funds used for the PCP Incentive Program are based in part upon CenCal Health’s historical payout under past trust account methodology. The funds are divided into two pools, one related to utilization and one related to quality. Each pool is based upon a percentage of the individual PCP’s monthly guaranteed capitation rates for case managed SBHI and SLOHI members.

Funding for the program is obtained from the CenCal Health reserve funds and from the withhold contributed by all PCPs from the Guaranteed Payment. The Guaranteed Payment, as indicated in writing by the PCP (“selected percentage”) is either eighty percent (80%) or sixty percent (60%) of the portion of the full Capitation rate allocated to primary care services and adjusted by eligibility category.

The Total Incentive Payments for all PCPs is approximately 57% of the total Guaranteed Payments paid to all PCPs during each calendar year. Of the approximately 57%, approximately 45% will fund the Utilization Pool and approximately 55% will fund the Quality Pool.
ALLOCATION OF POOLS

1. Utilization Pool The Utilization Pool is funded by 1) the twenty or forty percent (20 or 40%) of the capitation that is not paid monthly to the PCP (the PCP’s withhold), and 2) contributions by CenCal Health.

For each PCP, the Utilization Pool is allocated into the sub-categories by multiplying the total dollar amount in the Pool by the following percentages:

- Physician /Outpatient Expenses 35%
- Inpatient Hospital Expenses 20%
- Pharmacy Expenses 20%
- Emergency Department Visits 25%

2. Quality Pool The funding for the Quality Pool is only from CenCal Health. For each PCP, the Quality Pool is allocated into the “quality-based” sub-categories by multiplying the total dollar amount in the Pool by the following percentages:

- After Hours PCP Visits: 30%
- Encounters: 25%
- Increased Access: 10%
- Preventive Health Services: 35%

DEFINITIONS

“After Hours PCP Visits” shall mean services that are within the PCP’s medical expertise and scope of practice and which are rendered by the PCP during early morning, evening and weekend hours. Visits at any time during Saturday or Sunday, or before 8:00 AM and after 5:00 PM that take place Monday through Friday will be counted as After Hours PCP Visits for the After Hours PCP Visits measure. PCPs may not submit Claims for After Hours PCP Visits rendered after 8:00 AM or earlier than 5:00 PM on Monday through Friday. After Hours PCP Visits are for unscheduled appointments. Scheduled appointments that would not alternatively result in an emergency room visit occurring before 8:00 AM or after 5:00 PM on Monday through Friday are not considered After Hours PCP Visits.

“Emergency Department Visit” shall mean, for purposes of the PCP Incentive Program, a visit by a Member to any facility or subdivision of a facility that provides emergency treatment. Facility or professionals submit Claims to CenCal Health for emergency room services. A claim counts as “Emergency Department Visit” if reported with any of the following criteria:

- Emergency Department Location Code 23 and Procedure Codes 10040-69979
- Hospital Revenue Code (x indicates wildcard): 45.x, or 981
- Physician Procedure Code: 99281, 99282, 99283, 99284, or 99285
“Encounters” shall mean those services (1) provided by a PCP to Capitated Members or (2) submission of Deferred Reimbursement Claims submitted under After Hours Claims. Capitated services are identified by select procedure codes included in Attachment A-1 of the Provider Agreement. One Encounter is counted for each Covered Service provided on a single day to a single Member. The PCP submits encounter information on a Claim form, indicating the service(s) provided by inserting the appropriate procedure code(s) for the rendered services. Encounters are for tracking of Covered Services, development of future Capitation rates for PCPs only, and for calculating Deferred Reimbursement Claims, and PCPs receive no fee-for-service reimbursement for these services.

“Increased Access” shall mean maintaining an average number of Members per month, or increasing the PCP’s caseload each year, and meeting the minimum ages for Members as described in the “Quality Indicators” section below.

“Peer Pool” shall mean the particular pool to which PCP is assigned by CenCal Health in order to perform benchmark comparisons within the PCP Incentive Program. The assignment is based on the specialty designation of the PCP as well as the age ranges that he/she serves. The three Peer Pools are as follows:

- **Peer Pool F1**: CHDP certified Family Practice/General Practice/Clinic physician who accept Members, 3 years and older;
- **Peer Pool M2**: Internal Medicine, and non-CHDP certified Family Practice/General Practice/Clinic physicians who accept adult Members age 19 and older;
- **Peer Pool P4**: CHDP certified Pediatricians who accept Member children from newborn to, at a minimum, age 12.

“Preventive Health Services” shall mean those services that are provider-type specific and relate to preventing illnesses from occurring. The following preventive services are applicable to the following providers as indicated:

- **FP/GP/Community Clinics, Pediatricians, and Internists**: Annual Preventative Medicine Evaluations and Pediatric Well Care Visits. Such visits shall include: a comprehensive history & physical examination, counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions, and ordering of appropriate laboratory/diagnostic procedures, as defined in the most recent American Medical Association CPT Manual.

The procedure codes that quantify the above Preventive Services are described in the Quality Indicators Section—Preventive Health Services Measure Criteria of this document. Additionally, a description of each of the required procedure codes is attached and incorporated by reference as Attachment 1 of this document.
“Special Case Members” shall mean the following Members (previously Special Class Members in Santa Barbara County) that due to response of regulatory audits will now be assigned a “medical home” with a PCP to coordinate all aspects of care. Said Members are: (i) children who are currently designated as California Children’s Services (CCS) eligible; (ii) Members eligible to receive organ transplants; and (iii) Members currently on renal dialysis. For the purpose of PCP Incentive Program calculations, Santa Barbara County CCS eligible members, Organ Transplant, and Dialysis Members will be classified in separate pools and their expenses and utilization will be compared only to each other within their established pool or pool subset, i.e. Members on dialysis against other Members on dialysis, unless excepted below, as follows in: (i) SB County: CCS, organ transplant, and dialysis Members; and (ii) SLO County: organ transplant and renal dialysis Members. All Special Case Members will be deemed to be Class I Members in the Agreement and Exhibits, unless specifically excepted. Higher capitation rates apply for the case management of CCS children in SB County set forth in Attachment A-2 of the Physician Services Agreement.

Exceptions: SLO County CCS Members are not classified in separate Special Case pools. Utilization expenses are compared to Members of the same age and gender category within a PCP’s designated Peer Pool (F1, M2 or P4).

“Utilization Expenses” shall mean all expenditures for PCP’s Class I Members which exclude Encounter Claims and as indicated below but include:

- “Physician and Outpatient Hospital Expenses” (including but not limited to expenditures for ancillary services performed in an outpatient facility, specialist physicians, and outpatient hospital services). Expenses associated with “After Hours PCP Visits” and “Emergency Department Visits” are excluded.
- “Hospital Inpatient Expenses” (including but not limited to an acute care or rehabilitative care setting)
- “Pharmacy Expenses” (including but not limited to prescription pharmaceuticals and prescribed over-the-counter pharmaceuticals)
- “Emergency Department Visits” (including one Emergency Department Visit per Member per facility per date of service).

QUALITY INDICATORS

After Hours PCP Visits

The intent of this measure is to encourage PCPs to increase their availability to CenCal Health’s Members being seen on a walk-in or appointment basis after routine business hours. This quality incentive measure rewards PCPs for offering and rendering services to Members during early morning (before 8:00 AM) or evening (after 5:00 PM) and weekend hours (Saturday and/or Sunday). CenCal Health’s goal is to keep Members out of the emergency departments and urgent
care centers for care that can be appropriately managed by PCPs. This measure accounts for 30% of the total Quality Pool. After Hours PCP Visits (reflected in the Schedule 1 report) are those services submitted via claims reported by using CPT Code 99051. The number of After Hours PCP Visits will be calculated by comparing each PCP to the average number of After Hour PCP Visits for the PCPs in the After Hours Peer Group. The After Hours Peer Group is comprised of all PCPs who submit Claims for After Hours PCP Visits. The average number of After Hours PCP Visits will then be calculated by factoring for case mix.

PCPs may also potentially receive additional monies due to lower emergency room utilization in the Emergency Department Visits measure of the PCP Incentive Program. PCPs who do not offer services beyond normal office hours will benefit by referring their assigned Members to PCPs who do provide the services as it will also lower their emergency room utilization and thus positively affect their Emergency Department Visits measure.

Referral Authorization Forms (RAFs) will be waived for After Hour PCP Visits, thus relieving both the referring PCP and the PCP who is providing the service of initiating or completing this authorization.

There are two payment options available under this measure: Fee-For-Service Reimbursement or Deferred Reimbursement to the Incentive Program.

Fee for Service Reimbursement (Option 1): In addition to their monthly capitation, PCPs who submit Claims for visits occurring outside of normal office hours will be reimbursed fee-for-service for these services.

1. After Hours PCP Visits to assigned or case managed Members will receive an additional $50.00 when billing with CPT code 99051. PCPs must bill this After Hour Visit Code in addition to the visit procedure code, i.e. 99202, and this will be processed as an Encounter.

2. PCPs rendering After Hours PCP Visits to Members not assigned or case managed to them must bill the office visit code applicable to the level of service provided, i.e. 99202, and will be paid fee-for-service for the services. In addition, PCPs may bill CPT code 99051 to receive an additional $25.00 payment for providing after-hours coverage. See summary below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>After Hours PCP Visits to Case Managed Members</th>
<th>Reimbursement for 99051 = $50.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>After Hours PCP Visits to Members not Case Managed by the PCP</td>
<td>Reimbursement for 99051 = $25.00 plus reimbursement for office visit fee-for-service at CenCal Health’s rate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Deferred Reimbursement to the PCP Incentive Program (Option 2): PCPs who select not to accept fee-for-service reimbursement for submitted Claims but
instead decide to defer the reimbursement amounts stated in Option 1 above into the PCP Incentive Program, will receive EOBs that indicate the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>After Hours PCP Visits to Case Management Members</th>
<th>Reimbursement for 99051 = $0.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>After Hours PCP Visits to Member <strong>not</strong> Case Managed by the PCP</td>
<td>Reimbursement for 99051 = $0.00 plus reimbursement for office visit fee-for-service at CenCal Health’s rate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CenCal Health will track claims submitted under Option 2 as Encounters and include results in the monthly Schedule 1 report.

**Encounter Data**

As one of the PCP Incentive measures, comprehensive encounter data (derived from claims submitted by PCP for services included in the capitation payment and for claims submitted if After Hours Option 2 is selected) is important to CenCal Health for a variety of reasons, including tracking utilization, complying with State, federal, and regulatory agency requirements, and adjusting capitated compensation. The incentive funding for Encounters accounts for 25% of the PCP’s total Quality Pool.

PCPs can find their specific number of encounters received year to date by CenCal Health on page 2 of the Schedule 1 report, under the column entitled “PCP’s Total Actual Values.” The next column (“Average Values Adjusted for PCP’s Case Mix”) indicates the average number of encounters received in this same timeframe by similar providers, adjusted for the PCP according to his or her particular case mix; thus assuring a fair comparison to the PCP’s peers. These figures together are used to calculate the PCP’s Performance in the form of a percentage. PCPs are eligible to earn a percent of their pool amount for this category only if their performance is better than 90% of the average established by their particular peer group. If the PCP’s performance in this category is below that of their peers, the PCP may either have fewer encounters with CenCal Health Members than their peers, or simply have not yet submitted this data.

**Increased Access**

CenCal Health’s quality incentive measure, called “Increased Access”, was added to encourage increased availability of PCPs to Members in order to allow for the most optimal physician-patient assignment. PCPs can find their total potential payout year to date for this measure by reviewing page 1 of their Schedule 1 report (“Allocation-Increased Access”). For this measure, the PCP is compared to fixed values that are not based on the performance of other PCPs in the PCP’s Peer Pool. The increased access measure accounts for 10% of the total Quality Pool. To be eligible to earn all “Increased Access” funds, the PCP must first satisfy the following requirements in 1 or in 2:

1. Maintain an average of 700 Members per month, per full-time physician
throughout their contracted term in the year; **OR**

2. Increase actual caseload by a minimum of twenty-five (25) Members in comparison to the previous CY.

The PCP will receive 100% of the Increased Access Pool if either (1) is maintained, or if the increase in level (2) is met. PCPs will be eligible for a percentage of the Increased Access Pool for any increase in caseload up to the minimum of twenty-five (25) Members. The PCP is compared to fixed values that are not based on the performance of other PCPs in the PCP’s Peer Pool.

**Preventive Health Services**

The Preventive Services Measure Criteria is a set of quality criteria designed to be provider specific, to allow further comparison of services delivered by providers that serve comparable populations, and that are designed to prevent Member illness. In addition to counting these preventive medical services in the PCP Incentive Program, pursuant to the Agreement, CenCal Health pays PCP’s claims described below (unless paid by the State for CHDP services). This measure accounts for **35%** of the total Quality Pool, and is structured as follows:

1. **Well Infant, Well Child, and Well Adolescent Visits and Adult Initial and Periodic Preventive Medicine Evaluations:**

   Provider shall submit claim forms with CPT Codes: 99381-99387, 99391-99397, or 99432, and supply at least one of the following ICD-9 Codes: V20.2; V70.0; V70.3; V70.5; V70.6; V70.8; and V70.9

   In Calculation of PCP’s Performance, the PCP’s Total Actual Values will be expressed as a number of Evaluations completed, and the Average Values Adjusted for PCP’s Case Mix will be expressed as the expected number of Evaluations. The PCP is compared to similar Providers as to the average number of Preventive Medicine evaluations received in the same timeframe, but the figure is adjusted for the PCPs particular case mix to assure a fair comparison.

   Providers submitting PM-160 forms to the State of California for CHDP services indicated above, for children up to age 21 are to render: (1) a history and physical examination, and (2) health education/anticipatory guidance, and including the date on which such services are rendered within CenCal Health’s year. The State will forward CHDP information to CenCal Health, and CenCal Health will use said information in calculating this Measure. CenCal Health cannot guarantee the timeliness or completeness of the CHDP information as supplied monthly by the State, but will work to ensure the data is as accurate as
possible.

**UTILIZATION INDICATORS**

**Physician and Outpatient Expenses**

Physician and outpatient expenses are those services that are not covered under capitation and include costs incurred for referral to the following (included but not limited to) providers: specialist physicians, ancillary services performed in an outpatient facility and outpatient hospital services, the latter billed under the hospital’s outpatient provider number. Emergency Department Visits expenses will also be included in this measure.

**Inpatient Hospital Expenses**

Inpatient hospital expenses are those services that are incurred when the Member is an inpatient at a contracted or non-contracted acute care hospital or a rehabilitation hospital or a rehabilitative care setting.

**Pharmacy Expenses**

Pharmacy expenses are those expenses that include but are not limited to prescription drugs and over-the-counter drugs that have been prescribed by a prescribing provider.

**Emergency Department Expenses**

Emergency Department Visits are those services that are incurred when the Member is seen in the Emergency Department. Services include both those considered to be an emergency and those that are urgent but not emergent. The measure is intended to reward PCPs for controlling their Members’ unnecessary and inappropriate use of emergency rooms, and whose members visit the emergency room at below average utilization rates.

The lower the number of Emergency Department Visits for a PCP’s Members compared to the average number, the higher the PCP’s incentive amount for the measure. To ensure fair comparisons, PCPs will only be compared to those PCPs within their Peer Pools (the three pools are: (i) pediatricians; (ii) internists, or (iii) family practitioners, general practitioners and clinics) and adjustments will be made for a PCP’s case mix. A PCP’s case-mix adjustment is determined by age, sex, Special Case Members grouping, and aid code groupings of assigned members. Only the number of Emergency Department Visits will be calculated in this measure; the actual costs for such visits are excluded from the program and are not included in any other utilization measure.

CenCal Health recognizes that there are those Members that no matter what a PCP does will continue to visit emergency rooms at excessive rates; however, these Members that are frequent users of the emergency room are proportionately distributed across both large and small PCP providers, and for this measure PCPs are compared against their Peer Pool. CenCal Health reserves the right, when requests meet criteria for Member reassignment as set forth in the CenCal Health “Request for Member Reassignment” policy, to
reassign emergency department abusing Members to a different PCP.

**PCP Incentive Reports**

PCPs are sent a monthly report (Schedule 1), which explains the calculation of funding year to date for both the utilization and quality pools. This report expresses the PCP’s individual values and performance scores, some which are compared to PCPs who share a common membership assignment, termed Peer Pool.

How the PCP fared based on year-to-date claims data in both the utilization and quality criteria categories results in the “Total Incentive Payment for the Year” reflected in the Schedule 1 reports. This figure represents an approximation of what the PCP will earn for the year to date. The following additional reports are available by contacting the Provider Services Department:

- **Schedule 2** reflects how the calculations for the physician membership assignment, (Peer Pools) subtotals were derived;
- **Schedule 3** reflects how the PCP’s totals on Schedule 1 were derived;
- **Schedule 4** reflects the year-to-date Member totals by category of claim expense, i.e. physician/outpatient, inpatient, and pharmacy;
- **Schedule 5** reflects the year-to-date Member claim expense detail, claim by claim - including claim control number, date of service, date of payment, claim explanation code, amount paid, description or procedure, and diagnosis on claim.

Schedules 4 and 5 afford PCPs a more detailed representation of how they are faring in important utilization categories.

**Caution Regarding Annualizing Reports**

For a number of reasons, we recommend that PCPs use caution when assessing “Potential Incentive Payment for Year” reflected on page 2 of the Schedule 1 report early in the year. Claims received by CenCal Health, necessary adjustments to comply with contractual allocation of funds, and unforeseeable future changes in the PCP’s practice could dramatically change final figures used to determine interim and final PCP Incentive Program payments. Also, at the beginning of CenCal Health’s year, there is relatively little claims data to analyze, including physician/outpatient, inpatient, and pharmacy expenses, reported encounter and after hours visits, and preventive services. Therefore, there may be fluctuations of current data for the other physicians in the provider peer group to whom the PCP may be compared. Therefore the averages shown are only an approximation of annual utilization expenses and performances and should be recognized as an average that will increase in significance over the course of the year.

**Monitoring Your Case Management List**

Due to the need for monthly Medi-Cal eligibility verification, it is recommended that all additions to each PCP’s case management list be monitored closely, as
Members may be in need of immunizations and/or well care. The PCP has 120 days after receiving the monthly capitation list to notify CenCal Health’s Provider Services Department of any Members assigned to her/him that should not have been assigned. If the PCP does not notify CenCal Health within this timeframe, any expenses incurred by the Member(s) will be included in the calculation of the PCP’s Incentive Payment.

**Special Case Members**

Effective January 1, 2007, some Members who were previously Special Class Members were assigned instead to PCPs and became case managed Class 1 Members. This change addressed concerns brought forth by regulatory agencies and additionally allow for more oversight of all care for Members that include, but are not limited to those who: (i) received an organ transplant; (ii) are diagnosed with end stage renal disease (“ESRD”) and are currently receiving renal dialysis treatment; and (iii) are SBHI children who are currently designated as California Children’s Services (CCS) eligible.

In order to reimburse PCPs for additional services that may be associated with the assignment of these above Members, effective January 1, 2007, CenCal Health: (i) established higher capitation rates for PCP case management of Santa Barbara County CCS children; and (ii) placed a limit on the expenses incurred for utilization expense calculation for Special Case Members.

**PAYMENT THRESHOLDS AND FORMULAS**

**Utilization Expenses and Capitation**

CenCal Health calculates the PCPs’ total utilization expenses based on the actual dollars paid by CenCal Health for covered services for capitated members rendered during the specified time period. Covered services not included in the said calculation include: (i) all of the PCPs capitated services and “after hours” services; (ii) any service not reported on an EOB before the final PCP Incentive Program calculations are completed; and (iii) Utilization Expenses (total of Physician/Outpatient, Inpatient, and Pharmacy) which, when prorated monthly, total more than $15,000 rendered per Member, per PCP, per CY. After the $15,000 threshold is reached, any services then rendered per Member, per PCP, per CY are not counted in the total utilization expenses calculation.

For Special Case Members, Covered Services exceeding $30,000 per Member per PCP per CY year will not be included in the calculation of Total Actual Values and Average Values Adjusted for PCP’s Case Mix, as described below. The $30,000 maximum for a Special Case Member is also subject to monthly proration as described above.

**Establishment of PCP’s Total Actual Values**

The total actual utilization expenses, the number of After Hours Visits, Emergency Department Visits, Encounters, and Preventive Health Services are called the PCP’s Actual Values and are used as a basis to establish the PCP’s Performance Score for: (i) Utilization criteria subcategories; and (ii) the Quality...
criteria sub-categories of: (a) After Hours Visits, (b) Encounters, and (c) Preventive Health Services.

**Establishing Average Values Adjusted for PCP’s Case Mix**

For all PCPs in the PCP’s Peer Pool, the total Actual Values per Member per month are calculated for each aid category or aid sub-category and by the Member’s age category and gender (when applicable). This calculation produces a set of numbers that are the average per Member per month grouped by aid category and by the Member’s age category and gender (when appropriate) for all PCPs within that Peer Pool. Next, the individual PCP’s number of actual Member months is calculated for these same categories and then multiplied by the corresponding, just calculated, average per Member per month values. Lastly, these separate values for each category are all totaled together to produce a single “Average Value Adjusted for PCP’s Case Mix”. The above steps are completed for: (i) Physician/Outpatient Expenses; (ii) Hospital Inpatient Expenses; (iii) Pharmacy Expenses; (iv) Emergency Department Visits; and (v) Encounters.

The After Hours PCP Visits are calculated in the same manner except that there are no PCP Peer Pools. PCP Peer Pools are not used in the calculation because there are fewer numbers of After Hours PCP Visits resulting in all of the PCPs being grouped together, (in the After Hours Peer Group) regardless of type.

The groupings of all individual values above make up the Average Values Adjusted for PCP’s Case Mix.

**Calculation for Group And Clinic PCPs**

All PCP Incentive Payments are calculated on a grouped basis for PCP groups or clinics. Any separate office site of the group or clinic to which Members are assigned will have the Utilization and Quality pools (as well as the corresponding pool sub-categories, the PCP’s Total Actual Values, and the Average Values Adjusted for PCP’s Case Mix) calculated separately by site. FQHCs and RHCs are offered same terms and conditions relating to reimbursement rates as other contracted providers providing similar scope of services to members.

Individual PCPs who join or separate from a PCP group or clinic during the year receive one PCP Incentive report (and payment if warranted), and a second PCP Incentive Payment and report for the group.

**Calculation of Performance Scores**

The performance scores are expressed as a percentage and are calculated by dividing the PCP’s Total Actual Values by the Average Values Adjusted for PCP’s Case Mix. For example, if Dr. John Doe’s actual Physician/Outpatient Hospital Expenses total $32,946.41 (Actual Value) and the Average Values Adjusted for PCPs Case Mix total $24,432.26 for the same time period, then Dr. Doe’s Performance Score for this Criteria would be 134.85%. Performance Scores for all Utilization and Quality Categories (not including the Increased Access Measure) will be calculated using the same methodology. The Actual Values used to compute this performance score for the Physician/Outpatient,
Inpatient, and Pharmacy Measures are expressed by Total Plan Expenditures. The Actual Values used to compute the performance score for the After Hours, Emergency Department, Encounter, and Preventive Health Service Measures are expressed in Number of Visits. The Actual Value for the Increased Access Measure used to compute this performance score is a fixed number dependent upon the PCP’s caseload.

**Variables Used In Calculating PCP’s Earned Percent Of Pool**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variables Used In Calculating PCP’s Earned Percent Of Pool</th>
<th>% Performance</th>
<th>Pool Earned Minimum %</th>
<th>% Performance</th>
<th>Pool Earned Maximum %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Utilization Pool</strong></td>
<td>Start Pay</td>
<td>Minimum %</td>
<td>End Pay</td>
<td>Maximum %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physician/Outpatient</td>
<td>110%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>120%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital Inpatient</td>
<td>110%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>120%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacy</td>
<td>110%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>120%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Room Visits</td>
<td>110%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>120%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quality Pool</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Encounters</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>125%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After Hours Visits</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>110%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preventive Health</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>125%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Calculations for PCP Incentive Program**

\[
\text{Earned Percent Of Pool Formula} = \frac{\text{(PCP’s Performance Score - Start Pay)} \times (\text{Max%} - \text{Min%})}{\text{(Max Pay - Start Pay)}} + \text{Min%}
\]

As in the above example, if the PCP’s Performance Score for the Encounters is 115%, the calculations are:

\[
\frac{(115\% - 90\%) \times (100\% - 20\%)}{(125\% - 90\%)} + 20\% = \frac{(0.25) \times (0.80)}{(0.35)} + 0.2 = 0.6 \text{ or 60%}
\]

**Earned Percent Of Pool Formula**

CenCal Health establishes the Maximum percent and Minimum percent of the Percent of Pool Earned and the Maximum Pay percent or hours of PCP.
Establishment of PCP’s Earned Percent of Pool

PCP’s Earned Percent of Pool will be calculated for each Utilization Pool and Quality Pool sub-category by the mathematical formulas that reference the corresponding subcategories in the above chart.

For Physician/Outpatient, Inpatient Hospital, and Pharmacy Expenses:

If any of the PCP’s Performance scores (a percentage) is greater than the Start Pay percentage (established by CenCal Health and shown above) the PCP’s Earned Percent of that sub-category of the Pool is 0%. Otherwise, the percent is computed according to the formula shown above.

For After Hours, Emergency Department Visits, Encounters, and Preventive Health Services:

If any of the PCP’s Performance scores is less than the Start Pay percentage or hours, the PCP’s Earned Percent of that sub-category of the Pool is 0%. Otherwise, the percent is computed according to the formula shown above.

Minimum Percent For PCP’s Earned Percent Of Pool

The smallest percent for PCP’s Earned Percent of Pool for all sub-categories is 20%. Any calculations that would result in a percent lower than the minimum percent will be set to zero (0%).

Maximum Percent For PCP’s Earned Percent Of Pool:

The maximum percent for PCP’s Earned Percent of Pool is 120% for Physician/Outpatient Hospital, Inpatient Hospital, Pharmacy Expenses, and Emergency Department Visits subcategories. The maximum percent is 100% for all Quality Pool Criteria sub-categories. Any calculations that would result in a percent higher than the maximum percent will be reduced to the maximum value.

PCP’s Incentive Payments

The PCP’s Incentive Payment for each Utilization Pool and Quality Pool sub-category is determined by multiplying the sub-category Pool Amount by the corresponding PCP’s Earned Percent of Pool values.

Federally Qualified Health Centers

Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) are not excluded from participation in CenCal Health’s PCP Incentive Program. Due to federal guidelines related to their expenses, FQHCs generally receive reimbursement higher than the Medi-Cal allowable. Locally, five (5) Santa Barbara County Health Care Centers, four (4) Santa Barbara Neighborhood Clinics, Santa Ynez Tribal Health Clinic, American Indian Health and Services, Marian Community Clinics – Santa Maria and fifteen (15) Community Health Centers of the Central Coast are Federally Qualified Health Centers. They may provide virtually any medical service available under the Medi-Cal program, and referral to their services will influence PCP incentive reports the same as referrals to other providers.
Rural Health Clinics

Rural Health Clinics (RHCs) are not excluded from participation in CenCal Health’s PCP Incentive Program. Due to federal and state guidelines related to their expenses, RHCs also generally receive higher reimbursement than Medi-Cal allowable rates. Marian Community Clinics – Guadalupe is the only RHC in Santa Barbara County. They may provide virtually any medical service available under the Medi-Cal program, and referral to their services will influence PCP incentive reports the same as referrals to other providers.

Mental Health Services

In April 1998, the State mandated that certain Medi-Cal fee-for-service mental health moneys be “carved-out” or removed from the SBHI’s program. This carve out also extends to FQHCs and RHCs as well. These moneys were instead redirected by the State to the Santa Barbara County Department of Alcohol, Drug, and Mental Health Services (ADMHS), the San Luis County Mental Health Services Department, and to the State Department of Mental Health. Payments by either County or State agency will not be counted in the Physician/Outpatient Services Utilization Pool. Psychotropic Drugs not routinely provided by a PCP will also be excluded. However, those services not carved out by the State, such as lab and other non-Psychotropic Drugs, which are related to mental health services continue to be reimbursed through the SBHI and SLOHI programs and will affect the utilization portion of incentive reports.

Incentive Payments

The Total Incentive Payment for each PCP for the CY is equal to the sum of the Utilization Pool and Quality Pool sub-category incentive payments. In addition to the guaranteed monthly capitation, which is received by all PCPs, eligible PCPs will be paid Incentive Payments in two installments within six (6) months of the close of that CY. The initial payout of 25% of the estimated Total Incentive Payment will be made in December of the current CY, with the remaining incentive payment to be paid in June of the next CY.

Changes in Practice Ownership and Group Membership

Incentive payments represent additional payment for performance during each year. When a PCP practice is sold or transferred or the PCP commences or terminates membership in a group, CenCal Health should be informed as to how this change may affect potential PCP Incentive Program payments. It is important that CenCal Health be made aware of, in writing, the date of the transfer and any relevant terms related to accounts receivable, as soon as possible. If changes are not made to the PCP’s records in advance or soon after the transaction, there is a strong likelihood that the wrong PCP may profit from past performance—or suffer because of it. For instance, selling a practice to another wherein accounts receivable are included in the terms of the sale will mean that the new owner will receive any PCP incentive payment for performance during the year and paid after the close of the year, or that poor performance during the first period will affect the PCP incentive calculation.
negatively resulting in the owner during the second period receiving a smaller incentive payment or no incentive payment at all. Similarly, selling a practice wherein accounts receivable are not included in the terms will mean that CenCal Health will keep separate the performance prior to the transaction and calculate any related incentive monies separately for the two PCPs before and after the sale. If applicable, separate checks would be paid to the two PCPs under the two different tax ID numbers.

Future Improvements to the PCP Incentive Program

An important milestone for the Program occurred in the second year (July 1999), when the quality-based portion of the incentive payment first exceeded the utilization-based portion. Since this time, annual assessments are completed and improvements and readjustments are made. As we strive to make sound and important improvements to the Program, CenCal Health welcomes input from its primary care physicians. An internal committee meets continually to review the goals and progress of the Program, the effectiveness of the measures, and to consider new measures or improvements to existing measures.

ATTACHMENT 1

PREVENTIVE SERVICES MEASURE PROCEDURE CODES

Family Practice/General Practice/Clinic, Pediatricians and Internists:
Well Infant, Well Child, Well Adolescent and Adult Preventive Medicine Evaluations; Initial and Periodic

NOTE: These code numbers are subject to change.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT CODE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION OF SERVICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>99381</td>
<td>Initial preventive medicine evaluation: under 1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99382</td>
<td>Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 1 through 4 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99383</td>
<td>Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 5 through 11 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99384</td>
<td>Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 12 through 17 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99385</td>
<td>Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 18 through 39 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99386</td>
<td>Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 40 through 64 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99387</td>
<td>Initial preventive medicine evaluation: 65+ years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99391</td>
<td>Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: under 1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99392</td>
<td>Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 1 through 4 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99393</td>
<td>Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 5 through 11 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99394</td>
<td>Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 12 through 17 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99395</td>
<td>Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 18 through 39 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99396</td>
<td>Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 40 through 64 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99397</td>
<td>Periodic preventive medicine evaluation: 65+ years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

JF Revised 1-2014